

FRACTION ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

3 cases



Cases:

1. For CASE 1 - Same Denominators
2. For CASE 2 - Different Denominators
3. For CASE 3 - Mixed Numbers

Example 1: $\frac{3}{7} + \frac{2}{7}$ (These fractions have the same denominator so **Case 1**)

For Case 1 problems, we just add the numerators...

$$\frac{3}{7} + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{3+2}{7} = \frac{5}{7} \quad \text{...and this is in its simplest form!}$$

Example 2: $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{7}$ (These fractions have different denominators so **Case 2**)

For Case 2 problems, we butterfly multiply...

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{21+5}{35} = \frac{26}{35} \quad \text{...and this is in its simplest form!}$$

Example 3: $2\frac{4}{8} + 3\frac{2}{8}$ (These have mixed numbers! So **Case 3**)

- Firstly, we must rewrite our problem with ALL of the additions in play... $2 + \frac{4}{8} + 3 + \frac{2}{8}$
- We can then add the whole numbers together... $(2 + 3) + \frac{4}{8} + \frac{2}{8} \rightarrow 5 + \frac{4}{8} + \frac{2}{8}$
- We can then add the fractions depending on whether they are Case 1 or Case 2... In this situation they have the same denominator and are therefore **Case 1**
- So we add the numerators... $5 + \frac{4+2}{8} \rightarrow 5 + \frac{6}{8} \rightarrow 5\frac{6}{8}$
- We must now make the fraction in its simplest form... $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{6 \div 2}{8 \div 2} = \frac{3}{4}$
- Final answer $\rightarrow 5\frac{3}{4}$



@TheMathDugout